The Lincoln Highway, conceived in 1913, was America's first coast-to-coast highway. It is credited with pulling the nation out of the mud and starting it on a great travel adventure.

Immediately following World War One, the new Lincoln Highway Association and the U.S. Army promoted a cross-country military convoy that mostly followed the route designated as the Lincoln Highway.

Three days after the 1919 convoy, which included young Army officer Dwight David Eisenhower, who became President 33 years later, Greene County voters approved a referendum that made the county the FIRST in the state to pave the Lincoln Highway from county line to county line.

The highway stretched from New York City's Times Square at Broadway and Forty-Second Street to San Francisco's Lincoln Park on the Pacific shore. In so doing, it crossed the states of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, and California.